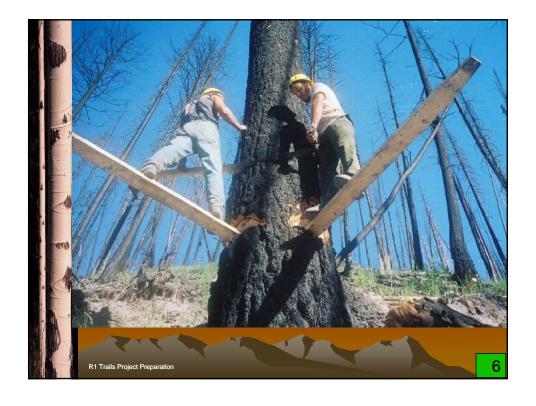
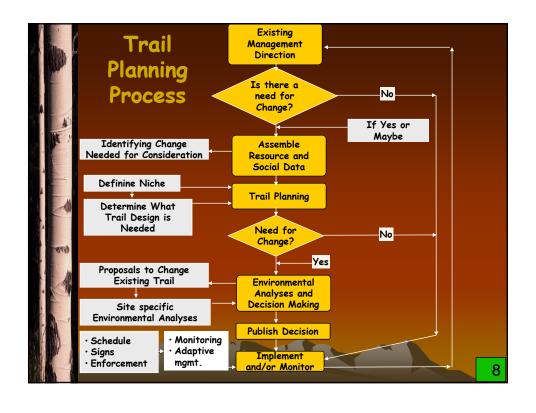




Trail Planning How do we get from the current situation to a trail that meets our desired condition? Advice from the Route and Area Designation Guide: Avoid unnecessary environmental analysis Focus on the change from the status quo Collaborate

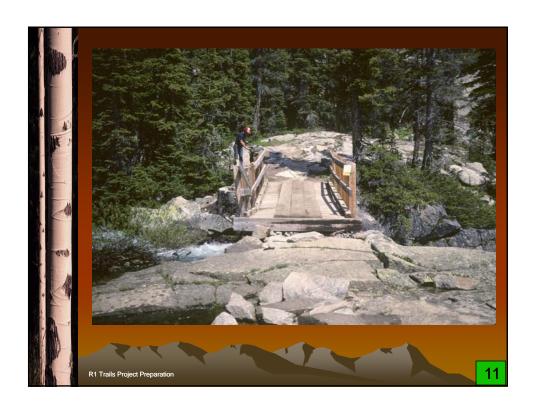


Steps in Project Preparation Ideally, the full trail planning process should take 5 years 3 years is more realistic and should be considered the minimum Trail planning involves lots of folks Trail planning should be the same for either contract or force account

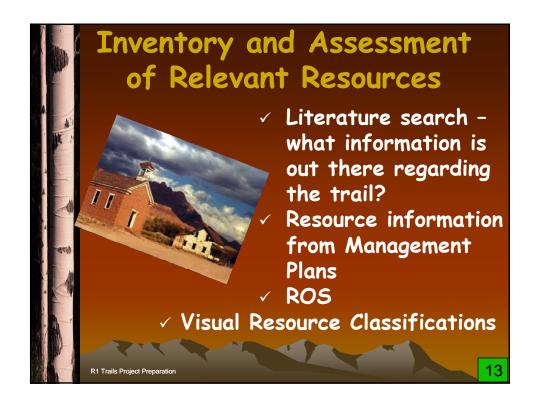




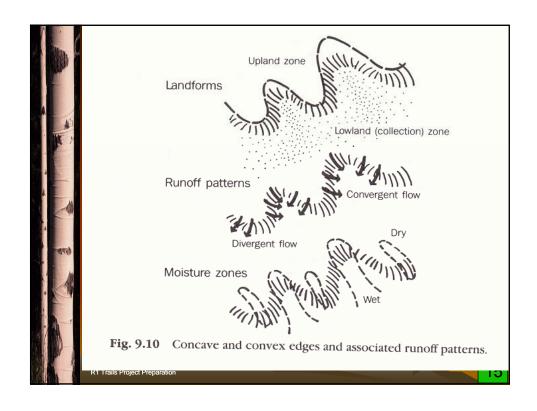






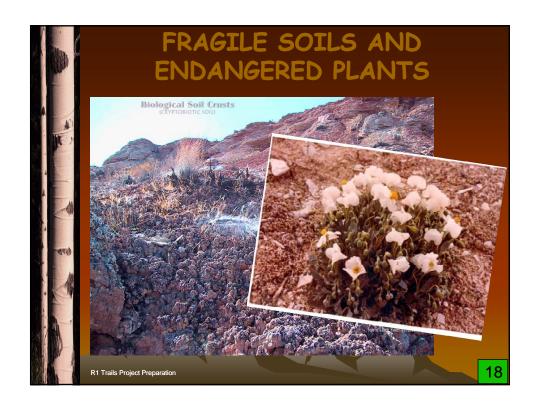


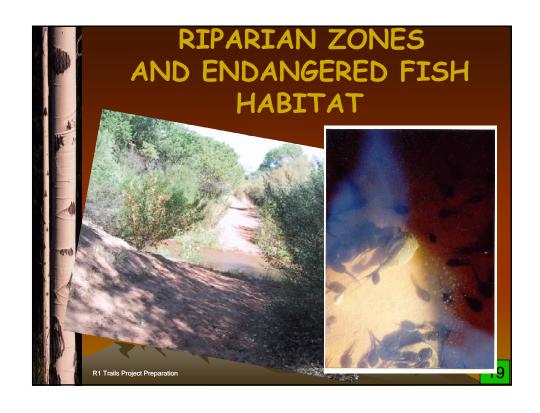


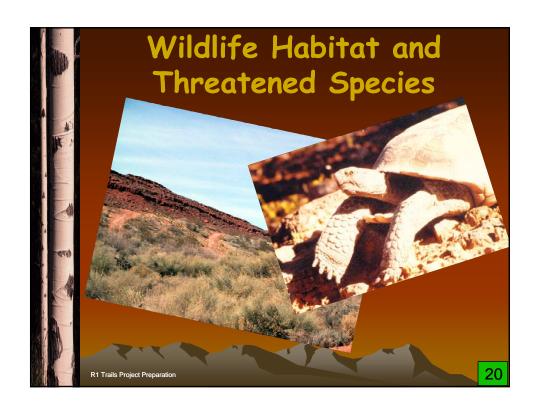


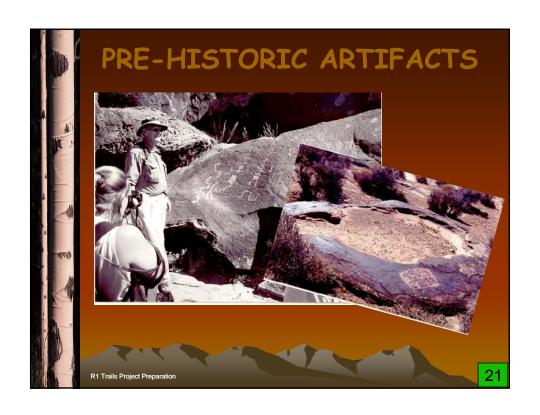




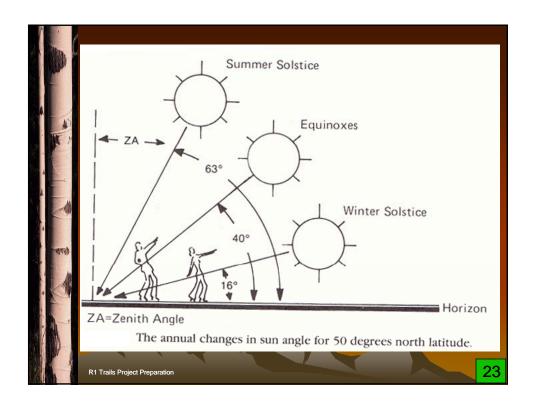






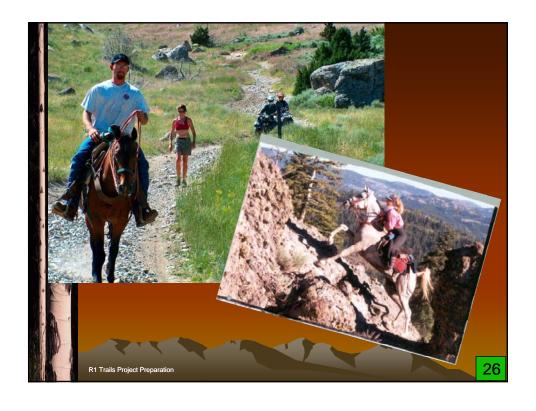


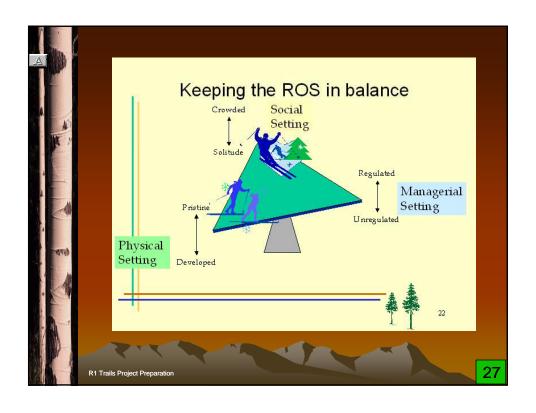




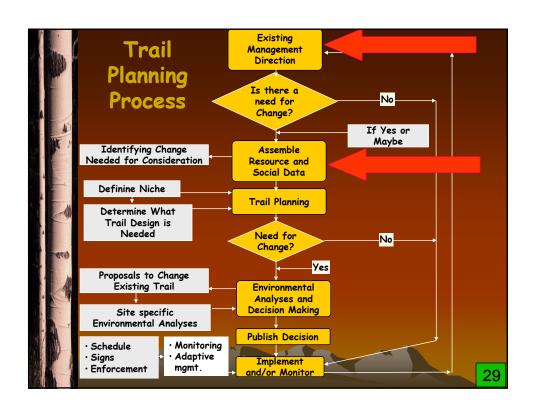


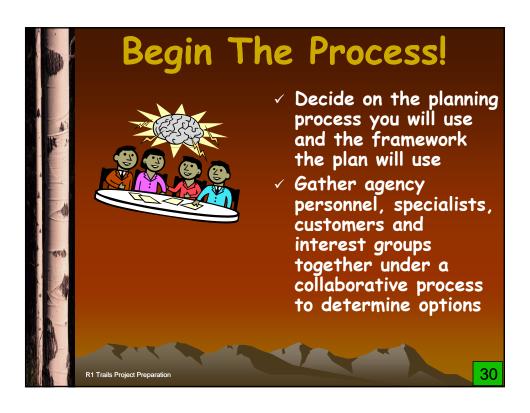












Identify the issues Specifically identify the problem(s) or need(s) that are to be solved or addressed through this planning effort. What kind of trail is appropriate? What will the trail management objective and trail classification be?







Developing Alternatives for A Project Very use all data collected in your resource and social assessment Consider legal side boards or decision space determined from your compilation of management direction, resource data and social data collected Involve all user and interest groups in alternative development and communicate decision space and sideboards Collaborate to obtain consensus



