|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Management Actions and Allowable Use Decisions** are land use planning (LUP) level decisions needed to achieve program objectives or constrain non-compatible land uses. Supporting management action and allowable use decisions are selected in terms of their ability to help achieve the recreation objectives (i.e., recreation opportunities), maintain or enhance the recreation settings or guide recreation implementation. | | |
| **Required LUP Decisions** | | **Examples** |
| Designate RMAs | SRMAs  ERMAs | Designate the following SRMAs...  Designate the following ERMAs… |
| Objectives | For each RMA and lands not designated | SRMA specific outcomes-focused objectives, desired recreation setting characteristics (RSCs), and the management framework for each can be found in Appendix \_\_ – Recreation and Visitor Services Management Framework.  ERMA specific objectives and the management framework for each can be found in Appendix \_\_ – Recreation and Visitor Services Management Framework.  Visitor Use and Safety Objective examples:  Ensure that visitors are not exposed to unhealthy or unsafe human-created conditions (defined by a repeat incident in the same year, of the same type, in the same location, due to the same cause). |
| LUP decisions – Recreation and other programs | Recreation program:  Restrictions on shooting sports.  Area-wide camping limitations.  The type(s), activities, and locations where SRPs would or would not be issued.  Other programs:  Fluid Mineral Leasing  VRM  Travel Management  Lands and Realty  Grazing  etc | Prohibit the discharge of firearms for recreational target shooting on the following BLM lands…  Implement a 14-day camping limit throughout the planning area.  No SRPs for competitive events, vending, group use, special area use, or new commercial SRPs would be issued in the…  Prohibit surface use, occupancy and surface-disturbing activities in the following SRMAs…  SRMAs would be classified as VRM Class II and managed under VRM Class II objectives.  OHV Limited designation.  Designate SRMAs as ROW avoidance areas |
| **Implementation Decisions**  allow site specific (on-the-ground) actions needed to achieve land use plan decisions.) If implementation-level decisions are included in the land use planning, they must be *fully analyzed in the RMP* *and clearly distinguished as implementation decisions* that are appealable to the Interior Board of Land Appeals. However, “streamlining” guidance will likely eliminate this option, so it’s recommended to put these under “Implementation Strategy” in the Recreation Appendix. | | |
| **Implementation Categories** | | **Examples** |
| Management | Commitment of resources  Visitor Services  Facilities (e.g. developed recreation sites, roads and trails, concessions). | A site-specific travel network of roads and trails available for public use and any limitations placed on that use would be included in the land use plan to the extent practical.  Maintain the existing trail system and construct new trails only to connect to new access points.  Create new boat launch ramp at the Pinball Recreation Site. |
| Administration | Regulatory actions  Allocation systems  Permits  Fees  Use restrictions  Partnership agreements  Business plans  Fiscal accountability systems  Data management protocols | Prohibit burning of wood or other material containing nails or any other metal components on BLM-administered land.  Unless otherwise authorized, prohibit the possession, discharge, or use of all fireworks.  Establish fee sites as needed to maintain developed sites and related amenities.  River group party size is limited to a maximum of 25 people per group (including guides).  No additional development of bolted routes within the area would be permitted. |
| Information and Education | Maps or brochures, websites  Signing  Outreach efforts  Events  Interpretation  Environmental education | Provide interpretation and education about stewardship principles at Recreation Sites and on social media.  Install signs on designated routes in all SRMAs. |
| Monitoring | Visitor use and use patterns  Recreation caused impacts  Visitor satisfaction  Attainment of: outcomes-focused management objectives. | Conduct Outcomes-Focused Management surveys every five years in SRMAs. |
| **Best management practices** for implementation-level planning may also be provided in the Recreation Appendix to illustrate opportunities for active stakeholder collaboration and to provide a suite of possible implementation-level actions that could be adaptively performed to ensure management effectiveness in meeting recreation and visitor services goals and objectives. *Subsequent site-specific NEPA analysis would be required* to implement some types of actions. Other actions that involve education, information, interpretation and monitoring may not require site-specific NEPA analysis. | | |